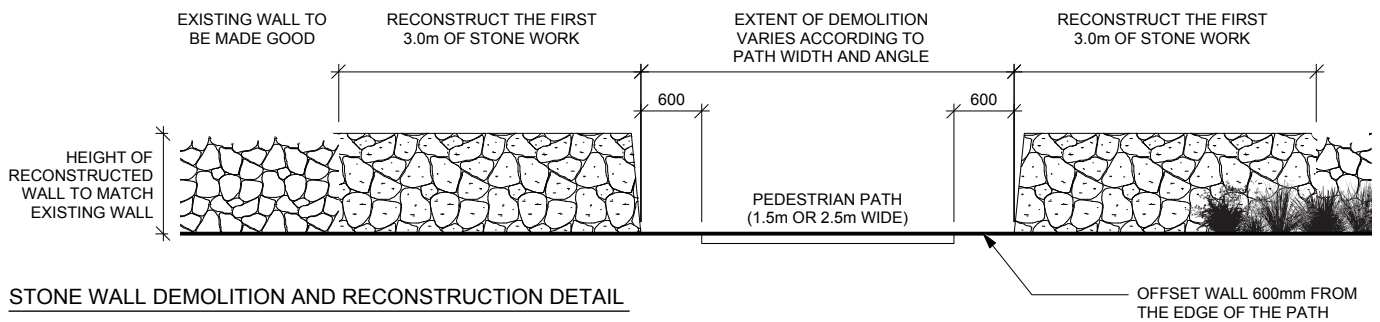


RECONSTRUCTED STONE WALL DETAIL



STONE WALL DEMOLITION AND RECONSTRUCTION DETAIL



NOTES:

1. Prior to commencing works in proximity to a dry stone wall, a stone wall management plan must be prepared by a suitable qualified and experienced heritage consultant and submitted to Council for approval.
2. Where a path dissects an existing stone wall, the treatment shall comprise:
 - The removal of a portion of the wall to accommodate the width of the path plus an offset distance of 600mm between the edge of the path and edge of the wall (on all sides).
 - The reconstruction of a portion of the wall for a distance of 3000mm on both sides of the path.
 - Existing portions of the original dry stone wall made good (replacement of loose and fallen stone etc).
3. Reconstructed stone walls shall:
 - Match the style and the form of the existing wall (height, width and profile including capping stones) and shall be built using the original stone removed during demolition.
 - Be constructed to ensure the stone is fixed in place with coloured mortar to match the natural tones of the weathered field basalt floaters. All mortar joints shall be inconspicuous and deeply raked (40mm minimum).
 - Generally comprise a random bond pattern with larger stones being located towards the bottom of the wall and smaller stones being located along the top of the wall.
 - Include a footing comprising a 100mm concrete base (no reinforcement) laid on a 50mm bed of Class 2 (20mm) crushed rock. The finished ground surface shall be graded away from the wall and shall conceal the base and footing.

REFER SDL.9.04 FOR ADDITIONAL NOTES

STANDARD DETAIL

PARKS & OPEN SPACE LANDSCAPE CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

Date: 3 November 2014
Revision: A

SDL.9.03